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## Report

**on the thesis presented by Blashkov Ilya Vladimirovich, entitled “Photocatalytic reaction  $\text{NO} + \text{CO} \rightarrow \text{CO}_{2ads} + 1/2\text{N}_2\uparrow$ , activated on zinc oxide by irradiation in the UV and visible spectral ranges” for degree of a Candidate of Sciences in 1.3.8. Condensed Matter Physics – The Saint-Petersburg State University.**

ZnO is an important photocatalyst that are particularly suitable for both fundamental and applied studies on defect- and exciton-induced photocatalysis. While extensive research has been conducted, there is rare study concerning the photocatalytic reaction of NO and CO on ZnO, which is practically meaningful for environment and health issues. In the thesis reviewed, the author presents a unique research on investigating the photocatalytic reaction of NO and CO on self-sensitized ZnO by means of mass spectrometry and thermoprogrammable desorption spectroscopy. It is shown that the reaction was proceeded under both UV and visible irradiation ( $365 \text{ nm} < \lambda < 578 \text{ nm}$ ) at room temperature, with  $\text{N}_2$  and  $\text{CO}_2$  as the final product. The conditions and features of the reduction reaction of NO to  $\text{N}_2$  were revealed. The quantum yield of the  $\text{N}_2$  release reaction was maximal in the visible region, which was attributed to the longer lifetime of photoactivated centers than with UV illumination of the illuminated surface. Exciton photoactivation channel was proved to work for the  $\text{N}_2$  release reaction over  $\text{ZnO}/\text{ZnO}_{1-x}/\text{O}^-$ . Therefore, the research presented in the thesis has both theoretical and practical significance for the subject of study.

In the first chapter the thesis begins by offering a comprehensive literature review on the general background of ZnO materials including the preparation, the defective surface and the doping method, and the interaction of  $\text{O}_2$ , CO,  $\text{CO}_2$ , NO with ZnO surface. Lastly, reaction of NO and CO over several types of photocatalysts was reviewed in this chapter.

In the second chapter the thesis introduces the technique and methodology of the experiment as well as the characterizations of ZnO samples. Mass spectrometry, TPD, and photocatalytic reactor were introduced in detail. Self-sensitized ZnO samples were prepared by the well-established method, and carefully characterized.

In the third chapter, the thesis reports the results of the study on the interaction of CO, NO and NO + CO mixture with the surface of ZnO, pre-oxidized at 823K, in the dark and under photoactivation irradiation in the UV and visible region. It was revealed that CO was rapidly adsorbed on ZnO with little effect of photoadsorption; NO was reversibly adsorbed on ZnO, with intense photoadsorption to release  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$ ; running a mixture of NO + CO on the samples led to rapid adsorption of CO and NO with the release of  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  which was accelerated by increasing CO concentration due to the reduction effect of CO on ZnO surface. UV or visible irradiation of ZnO in the mixture of CO and NO led to the the release of  $\text{N}_2$ , with  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  as intermediate product, and  $\text{CO}_2$  adsorbed on ZnO surface.

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The total process is written as  $\text{NO} + \text{CO} \rightarrow \text{CO}_{2ads} + 1/2\text{N}_2\uparrow$  on ZnO in UV and visible regions, with quantum yield higher in the visible region than in the UV region, following the spectral dependent feature of NO photoadsorption. On the ZnO/ZnO<sub>1-x</sub>/O<sup>-</sup> sample, efficiency and quantum yield of N<sub>2</sub> release were 5-7 times higher with  $\lambda=382$  nm irradiation than with  $\lambda=365$  nm, suggesting the exciton-induced photoreaction channel.

Overall, the thesis presents a unique research on the photocatalytic reaction of  $\text{NO} + \text{CO} \rightarrow \text{CO}_{2ads} + 1/2\text{N}_2\uparrow$  on ZnO in the UV and visible regions. The results of the research have resulted in 2 papers and 4 conferences reports. The main conclusion of the thesis will undoubtedly inspire the research on the photocatalytic removal of NO and CO over oxides, which is critically important subject in environment and health related research fields.

A shortage I can see is the thesis contains several mistakes in typewriting. However, these mistakes do not spoil the positive impression made by the research. I can fairly conclude that the thesis entitled “**Photocatalytic reaction  $\text{NO} + \text{CO} \rightarrow \text{CO}_{2ads} + 1/2\text{N}_2\uparrow$ , activated on zinc oxide by irradiation in the UV and visible spectral ranges**”, by **Blashkov Ilia Vladimirovich**, deserves to be awarded the degree of Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences.

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